# Weakly Supervised Dense Video Captioning

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https://arxiv.org/abs/1704.01502

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#### Video Captioning Annotation Examples & Key Findings



#### **Ground Truth**

two men are in a wrestling match
----a referee coaches a wrestling match
----a wrestler does a victory dance
----man wrestle profesionally
----two guys are wrestling in a competition

#### **Key Findings:**

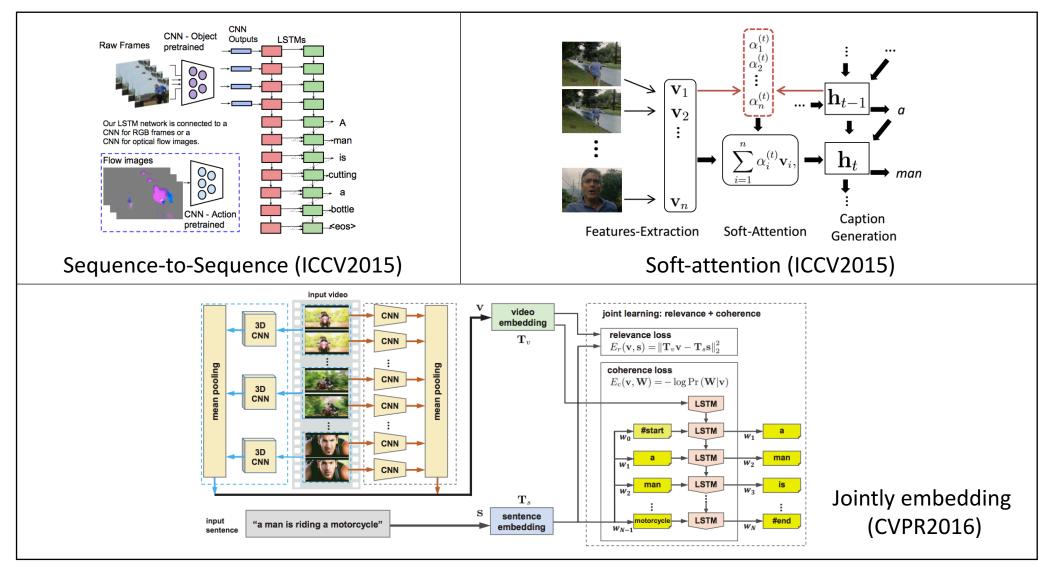
- 1) 1 clip vs multiple diverse sentences annotations for different regions/segments
- 2) Current video captioning methods only generate 1 description per clip.
- 3) Training with 1:N (visual feature : sentences) is Inaccurate even with soft-attention.

Motivations: weakly grounding/attend sentence to region-sequences for captioning?

#### What is Traditional Video Captioning?

- Goal: Generate one sentence per input clip
  - With multiple video-level sentence annotations.
  - With only one global video clip representation.
- Weakness
  - One visual representation to N-sentences
- Typical Methods
  - Sequence-to-sequence video captioning
  - Describing Videos by Exploiting Temporal Structure (soft-attention)
  - Jointly Modeling Embedding and Translation to Bridge Video and Language

## Methods for Single Sentence Captioning



#### What is Dense Video Captioning?

- Goal: Generate multiple diverse/informative sentences per input clip
  - With only video level sentence annotations.
  - Through weakly attend sentences to region-sequences.

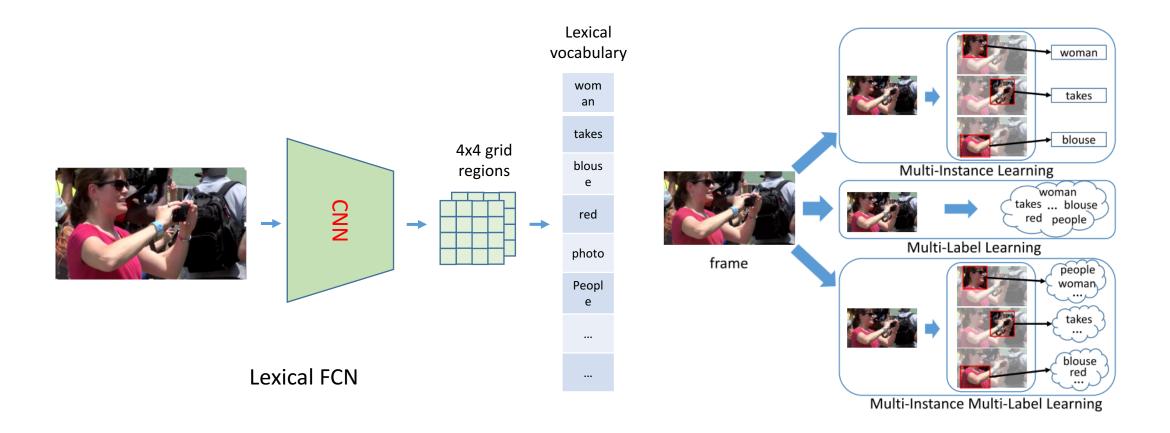
#### Avoid

- Mis-matching due to 1-visual: N-sentences
- Tedious annotations for strong supervised learning.

#### Three Components

- Lexical FCN: for region-level encoding using lexical vocabulary
- Sentence to region-sequence association
- Sentence generation with sequence-to-sequence learning

## Training Lexical-FCN

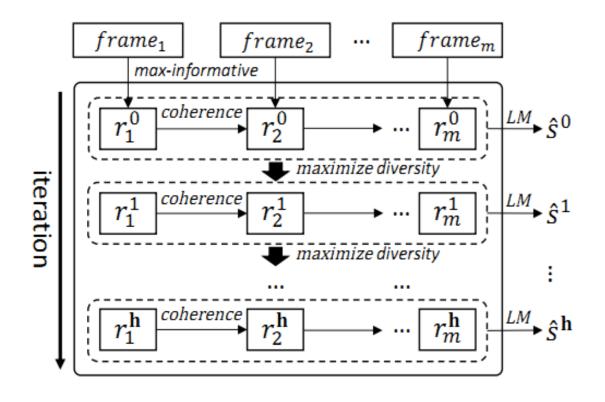


#### Learned Response Maps



From the last CNN conv layer

#### Sentence-to-region-sequence Association



Informative

$$f_{\inf}(\mathbf{x}_{\mathbf{v}}, \mathcal{A}_t) = \sum_{w} p^w;$$

Coherence

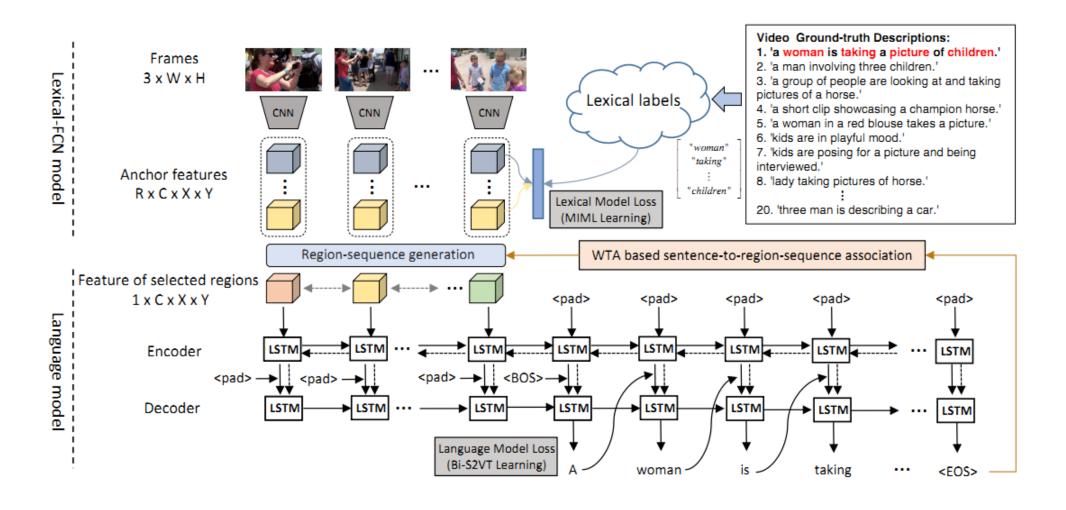
$$f_{coh} = \sum_{r_s \in \mathcal{A}_{t-1}} \langle \mathbf{x}_{r_t}, \mathbf{x}_{r_s} \rangle,$$

• Diversity (KL divergence)

$$f_{div} = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \int_{w} p_i^w \log \frac{p_i^w}{q^w} dw.$$

Greedy solution: submodular maximization with these 3 cues

#### Framework Overview



## Ablation Experiments on MSR-VTT Validation Set

Method	METEOR	BLEU-4	ROUGE-L	CIDEr
VideoLAB	27.7	39.5	61.0	44.2
Aalto	27.7	41.1	59.6	46.4
V2t_navigator	29.0	43.7	61.4	45.7
Ours w/o category	27.7	39.0	60.1	44.0
Ours category-wise	28.2	40.9	61.8	44.7
Ours+C3D+Audio	29.4	44.2	62.6	50.5

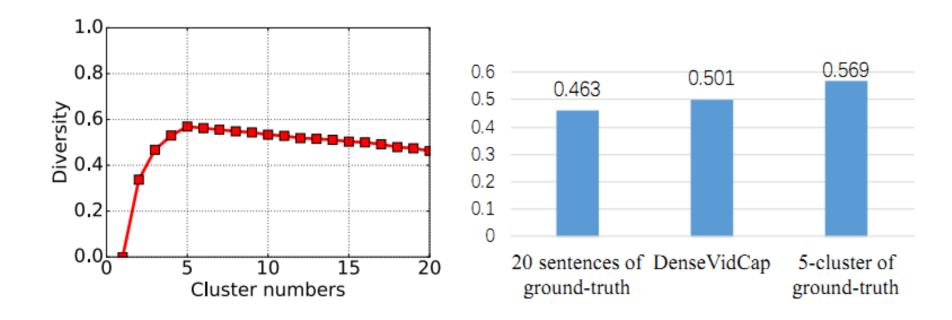
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## Best Single Model Results on MSR-VTT

Team	Memo	METEOR	BLEU-4	ROUGE-L	CIDEr
Ruc-UVA	RUC + UVA + ZJU	26.9	38.7	58.7	45.9
VideoLab	UCB + Austin +	27.7	39.1	60.6	44.1
Aalto	Aalto Univ.	26.9	39.8	59.8	45.7
V2t-navigator	RUC + CMU	28.2	40.8	60.9	44.8
Ours	Fudan + ILC	28.3	41.4	61.1	48.9

#### Measure of Diversity on MSR-VTT



Diversity:

$$D_{div} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{\mathbf{s}^i, \mathbf{s}^j \in \mathbf{S}; i \neq j} (1 - \langle \mathbf{s}^i, \mathbf{s}^j \rangle)$$

#### Examples: Dense Video Captioning

#### Region Sequences & DenseVidCap











a man is drinking from a cup











a man is drinking from a bottle





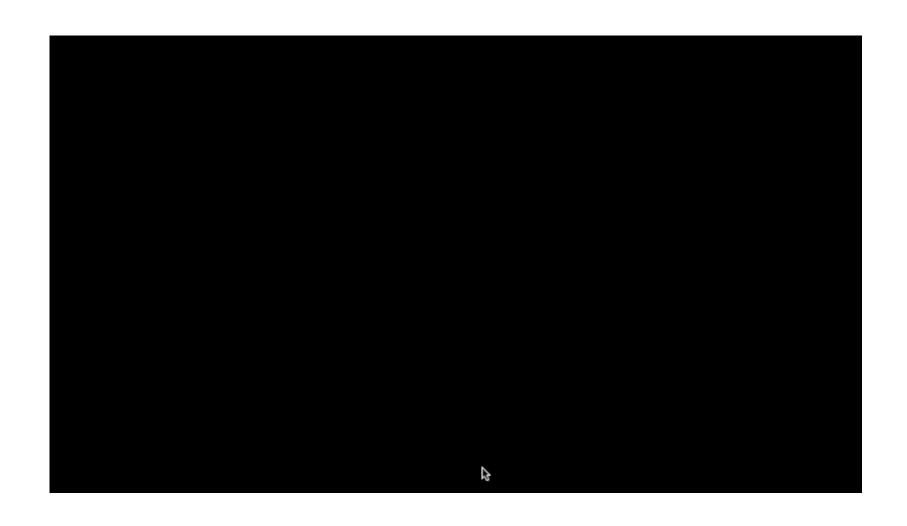






a man in a suit is talking to another man in a suit

## Demo: Dense Video Captioning



#### Summary of DenseVidCap

- Lexical-FCN for weakly region modeling.
- Attend sentences to region-sequence with Lexical-FCN outputs.
- Dense video captioning with only video-level annotations.
- Avoid the problem of 1:N (feature to sentences) matching

# Projects in ICCV'17

DSOD (Deeply Supervised Object Detectors from Scratch).

➤ RoI pooling is just like max pooling

> Forward / backward

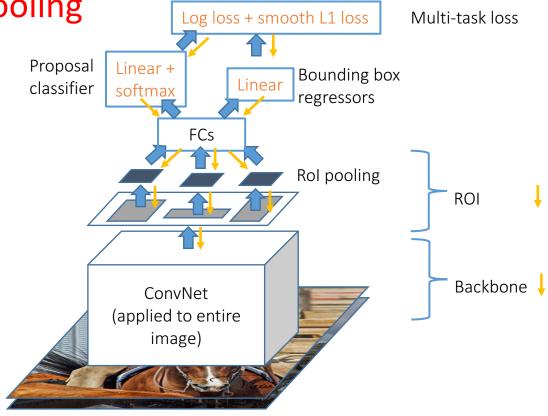


Figure from Ross Girshick

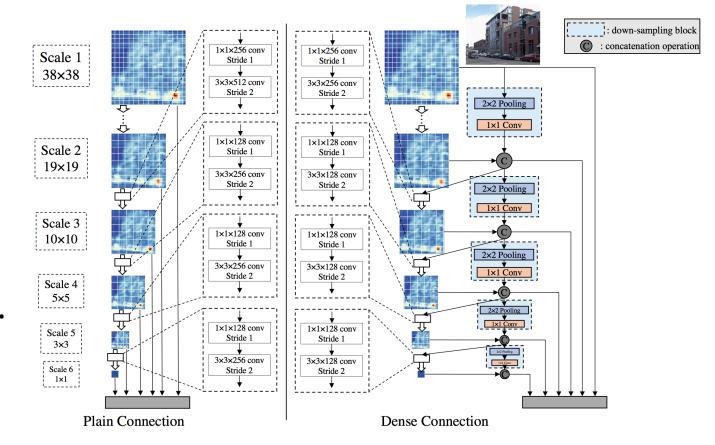
#### Principles

➤ Proposal-free.

➤ Deep Supervision.

➤ Dense Prediction Structure.

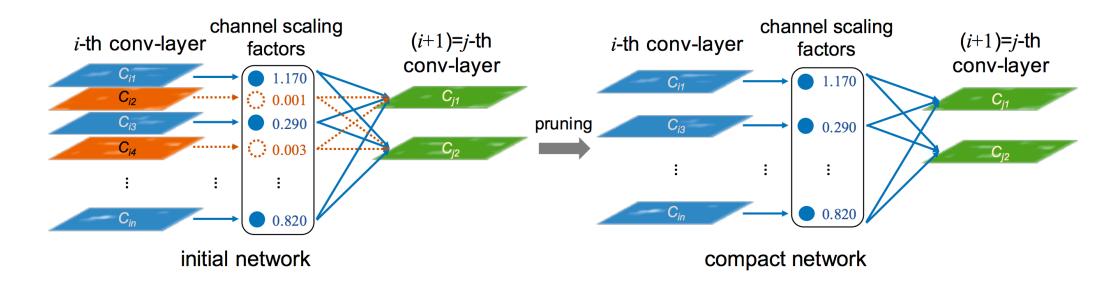
>Stem Block.



- ➤ Paper: https://arxiv.org/abs/1708.01241
- ➤ Code & models: https://github.com/szq0214/DSOD
- ➤ Network: http://ethereon.github.io/netscope/#/gist/b17d01f3131e2a60f9057b5d3eb9e04d

# Projects in ICCV'17

➤ Network Slimming (ICCV'17)



"Learning Efficient Convolutional Networks through Network Slimming". Zhuang Liu, Jianguo Li, **Zhiqiang Shen**, Gao Huang, Shoumeng Yan, Changshui Zhang. ICCV'17

Code: https://github.com/liuzhuang13/slimming

#### **Thanks & Questions**

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Any comments or suggestions are welcome!